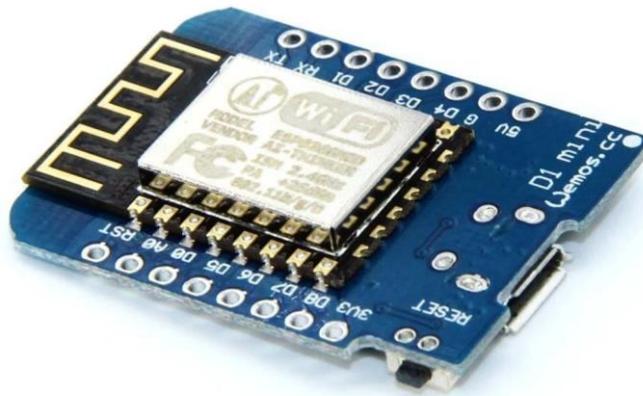


WEMOS D1 Mini Nodemcu Wireless Wifi IOT Arduino ESP8266 **ESP-12F**

Introduction :



WEMOS D1 mini NodeMcu wireless Wifi IoT module is a compatible breadboard and Arduino IDE that supported development board available in the market. It is one of the board from ESP8266 family which contains 11 digital ports and one analog pin for analog inputs. It has an on board CH340 USB-TTL convert reset button and offers 4MB flash memory, All of the Digital I/O support PWM and interrupts excepts D0. It can support much wide range of sensor by utilizing 3V/ 5V supply provided by onboard regulator. The functioning is similar to that of NodeMcu, except that the hardware is built resembling Arduino UNO. The D1 board can helped to eradicate some complex issues using wifi based chips and modules in IoT based projects.

Objectives :

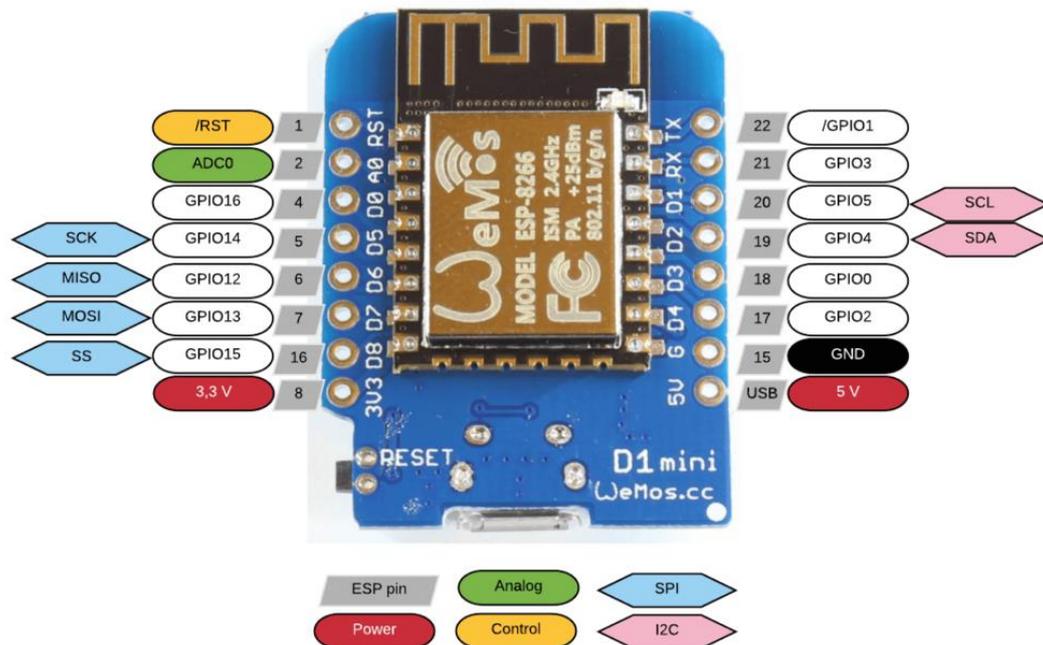
This is a tutorial for Internet of Things (IoT) to teaches how to control stuff over wifi with the Wemos mini board and blynk app. It also covers how to connect and code the Wemos D1 mini board and how to get started with Blynk app.

Specifications :

- Microcontroller: ESP 8266 32-bit
- Serial to USB Converter: CH340
- USB Connector: Micro USB
- Operating voltage: 3.3 V
- Input Voltage: 3.3V / 5V
- DC Current per pin: 12mA(Max)
- Flash Memory: 4MB
- Clock Speed: 80MHz
- Digital I/O: 11
- Analogue I/O: 1 (10 bit ADC, Max Input 3.2V)
- Communications: Serial, SPI, I2C interrupt/PWM and 1
- Wire via software libraries
- WIFI: Built in 802.11 b/g/n
- Has built-in LED connected to pin 4
- Compatible with Arduino IDE and NodeMCU
- Dimension: 34 x 26mm

Features :

- Based on ESP-8266
- Can be programmed with Arduino IDE
- Powered through micro usb

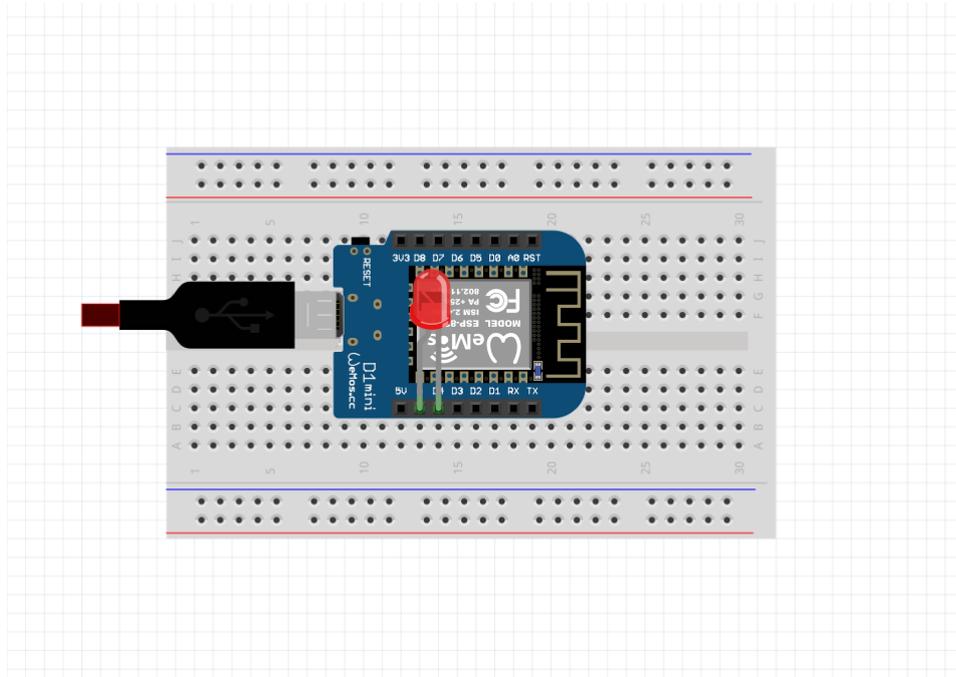


Components Needed :

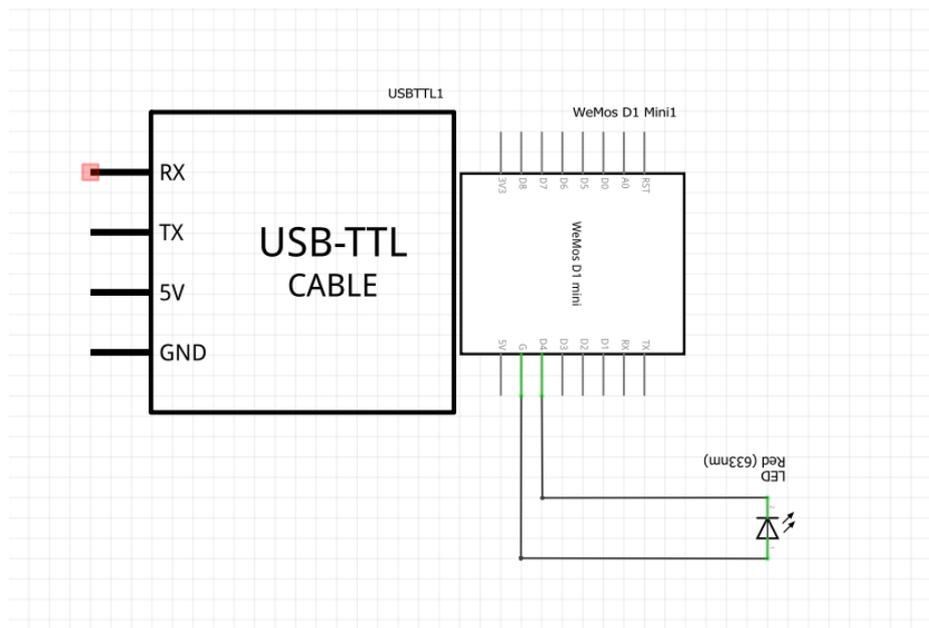
- LED
- Wemos D1 mini Nodemcu
- USB cable
- Blynk app

Procedures :

Step 1 : Connect the LED to Wemos D1 mini nodemcu based on diagram below.

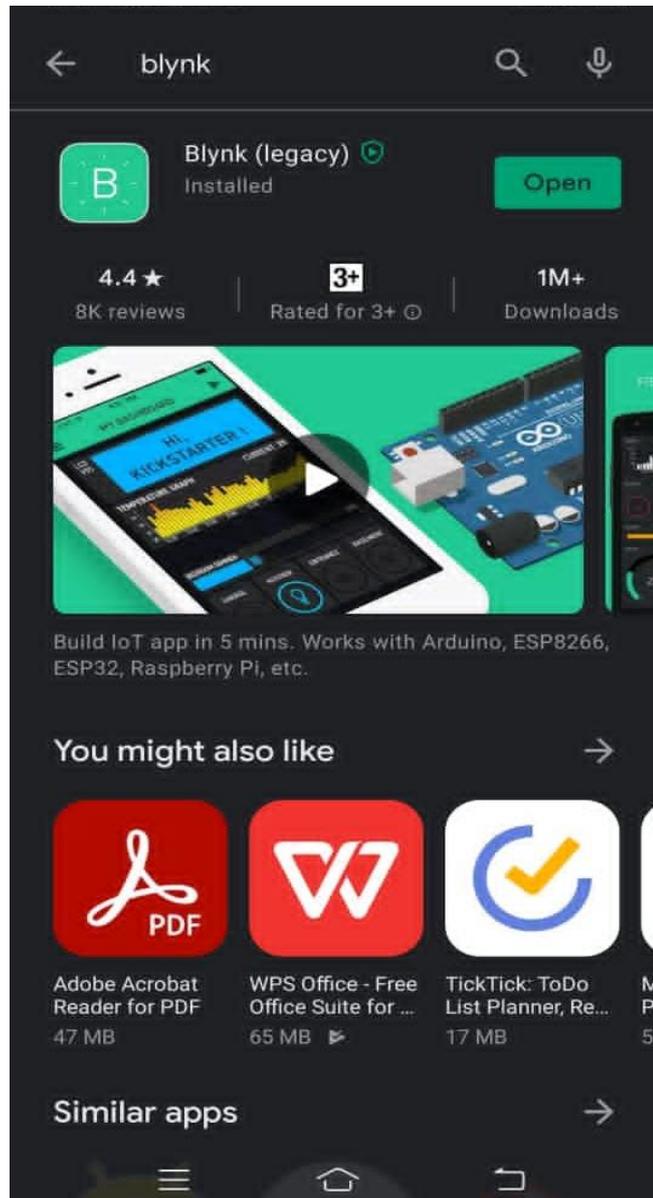


Breadboard layout

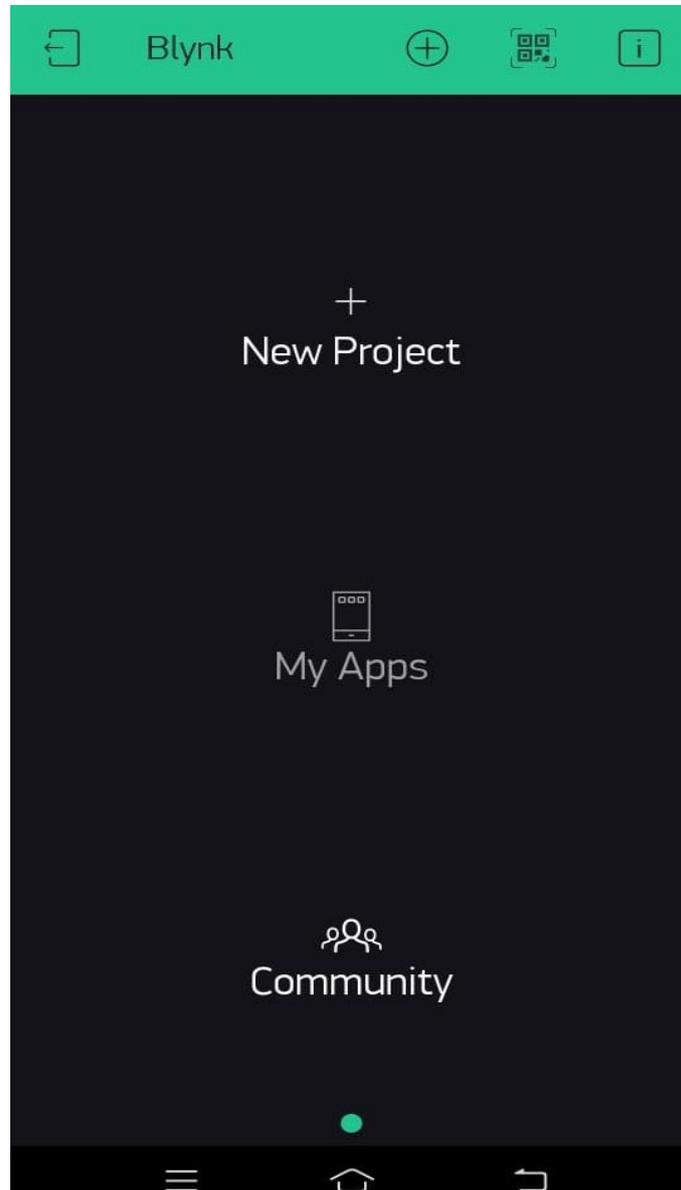


Schematic layout

Step 2 : Getting started with the **Blynk App**. Make sure you installed the application on App store or Google Play store.

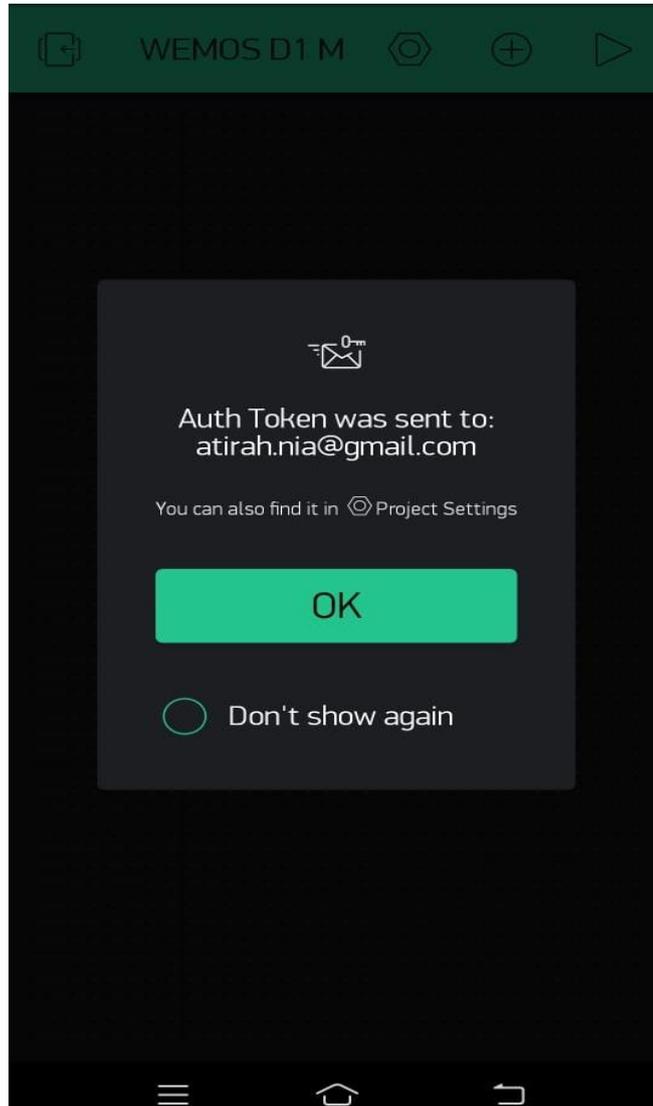


Step 3 : Create a new project to select the hardware model you use.

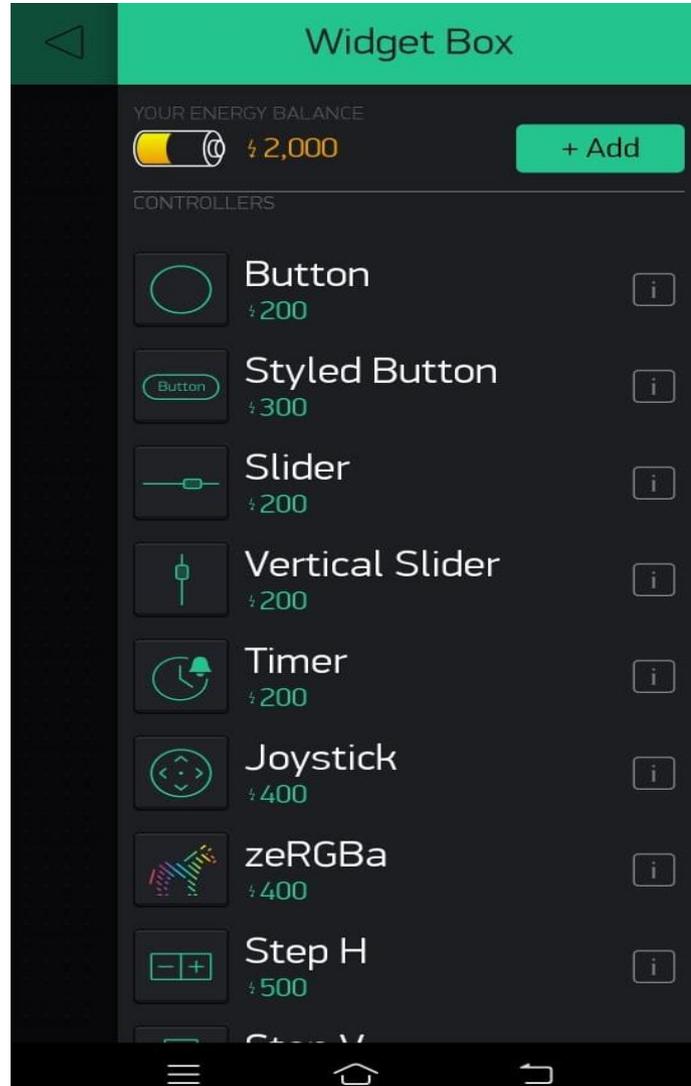


Step 4 : Authentication Token.

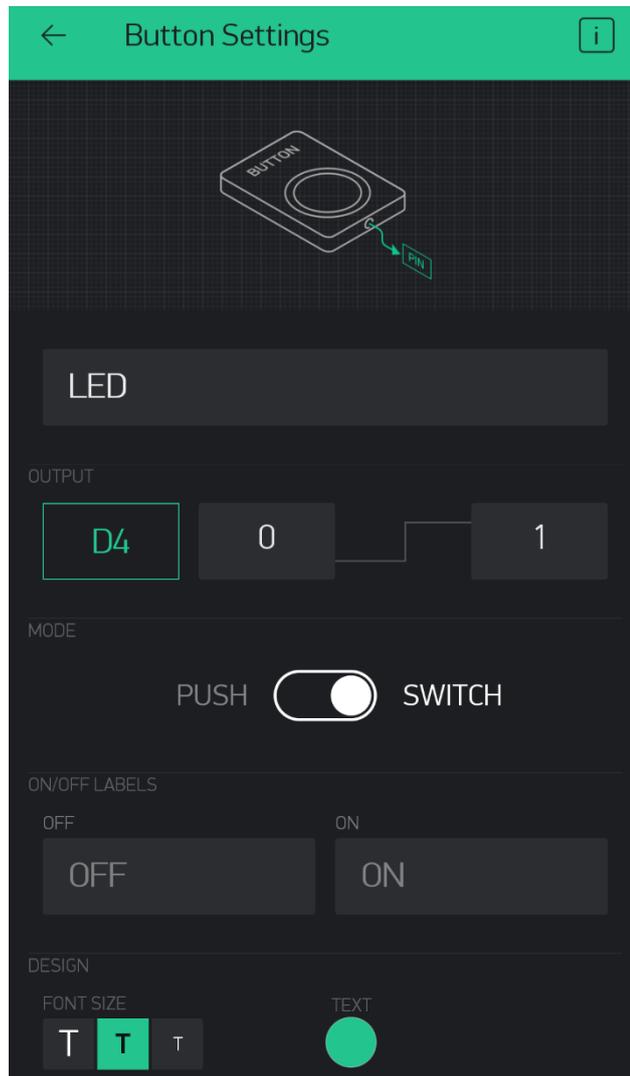
You will get Auth Token automatically on your email after project creation.
You can also copy it manually. Click on devices section and selected required device.



Step 5 : Add a widget for adding a button to control the LED.

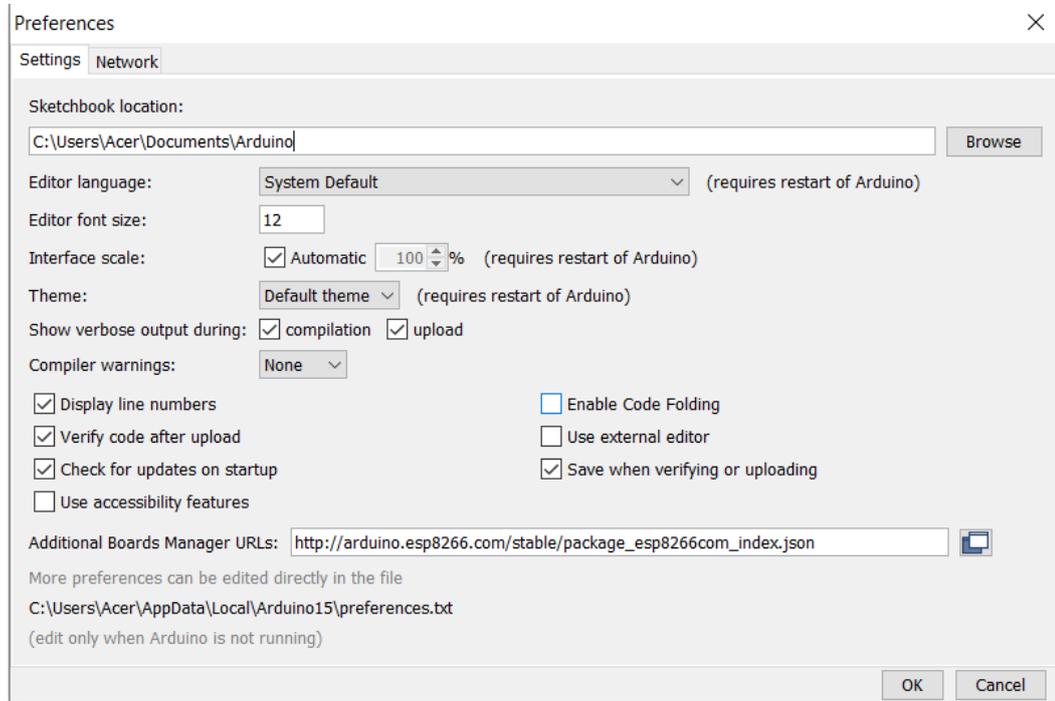


Step 6 : Set the output pin and mode at the Button Settings.

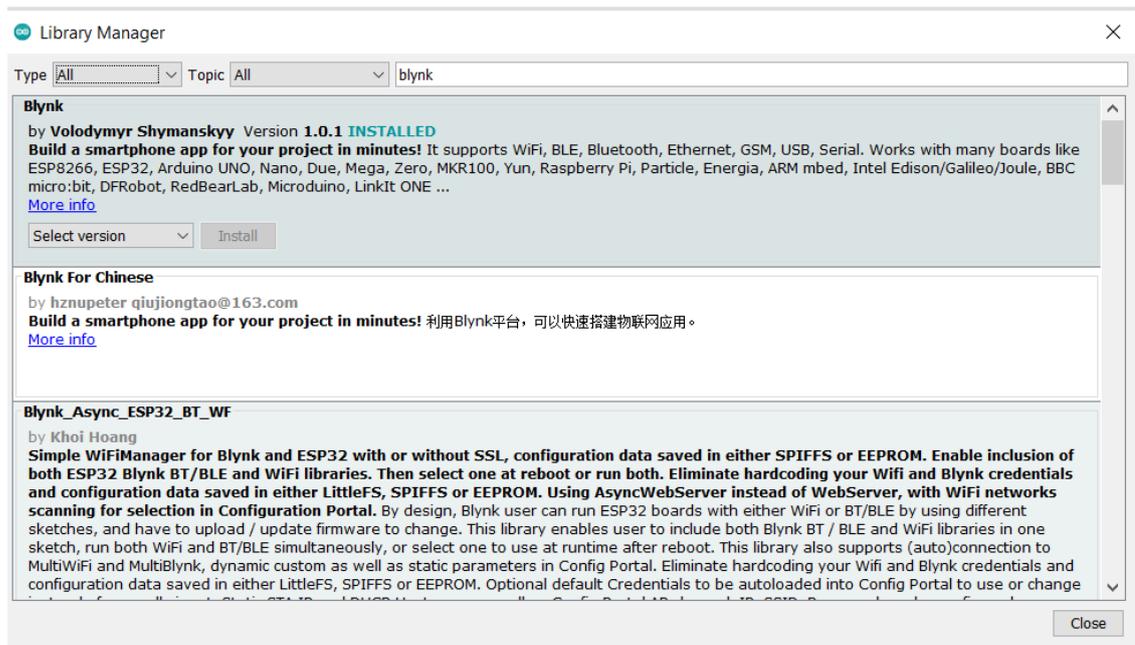


Step 7: Now launch **Arduino IDE** and locate **Board Manager URLS** and copy paste the bellow url and click **OK**.

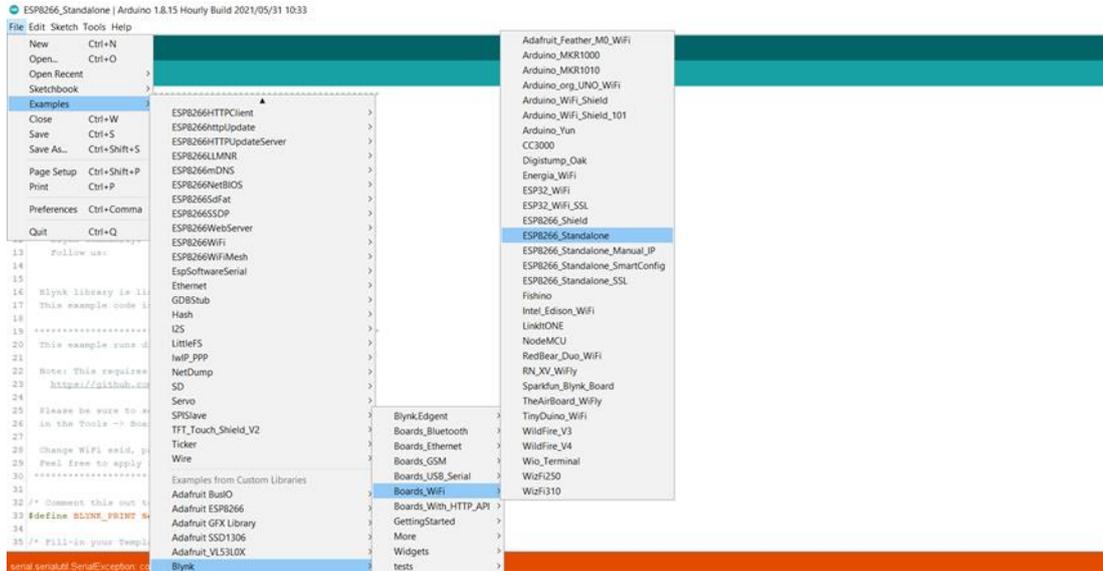
http://arduino.esp8266.com/stable/package_esp8266com_index.json



Step 8: Then, upload the Arduino code by installed **Blynk** and **ESP8266** in the **library manager**.



Step 9: For uploading the code, go to **Files > Examples > Blynk > Board_Wifi > ESP8266_StandAlone.**



Step 10 : Edit the three key components that need to be specified :

`char auth[] = "";` Specific to your project (Blynk App).

`char ssid[] = "";` Specific to the network that we are connecting to (network name). You can "hotspot" from your phone also.

`char pass[] = "";` Specific to the network we are connecting to (password).

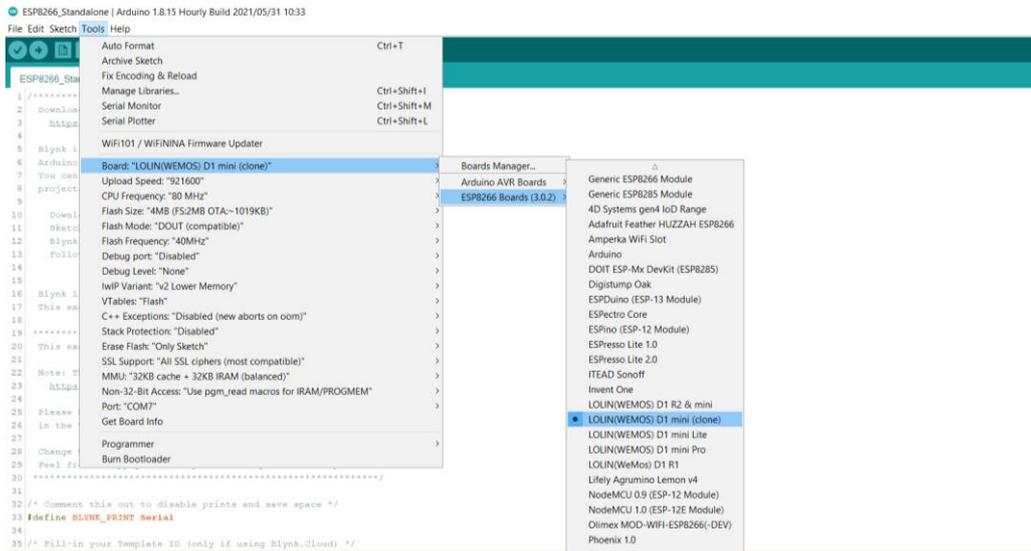
ESP8266_Standalone | Arduino 1.8.15 Hourly Build 2021/05/31 10:33

File Edit Sketch Tools Help

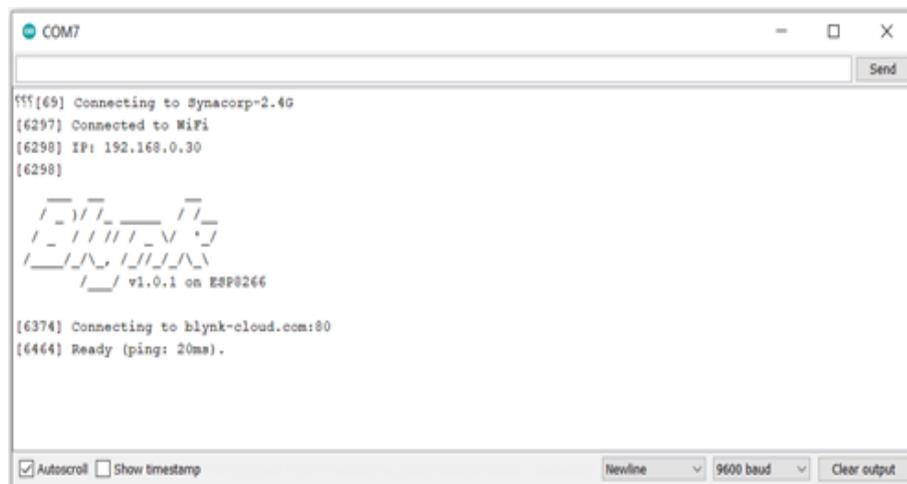
```
ESP8266_Standalone $
29  Feel free to apply it to any other example. It's simple!
30  *****/
31
32  /* Comment this out to disable prints and save space */
33  #define BLYNK_PRINT Serial
34
35  /* Fill-in your Template ID (only if using Blynk.Cloud) */
36  //#define BLYNK_TEMPLATE_ID "YourTemplateID"
37
38
39  #include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
40  #include <BlynkSimpleEsp8266.h>
41
42  // You should get Auth Token in the Blynk App.
43  // Go to the Project Settings (nut icon).
44  char auth[] = "QHhHIA-q8R_gOwl6b30BV5xhm_3TSuCr";
45
46  // Your WiFi credentials.
47  // Set password to "" for open networks.
48  char ssid[] = "Synacorp-2.4G";
49  char pass[] = "Zaqlxsw2";
50
51  void setup()
52  {
53    // Debug console
54    Serial.begin(9600);
55
56    Blynk.begin(auth, ssid, pass);
57
58
59  void loop()
60  {
61    Blynk.run();
62  }
63
```

Step 11: Select the proper port number and locate the board.

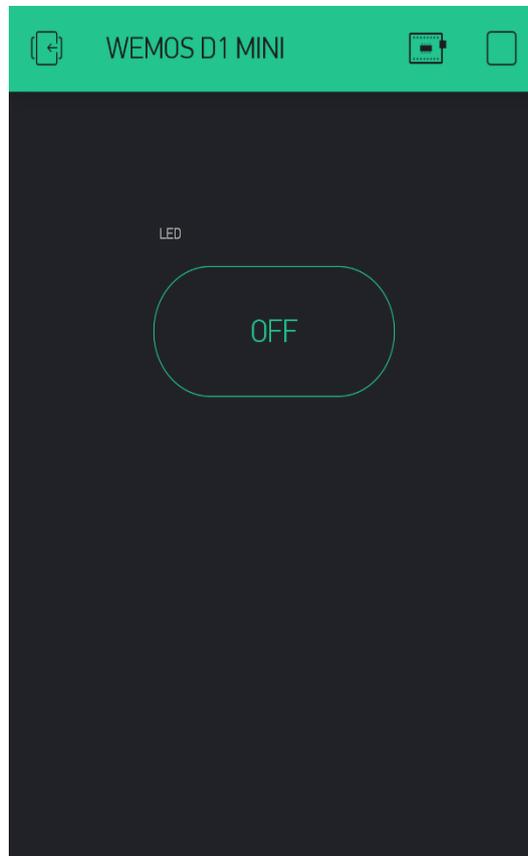
Select **Tools > Port** . Select **Tools > Board > Board Manager**.



Step 12: Run and upload the project. Then, open the **serial monitor** to see the receiving messages from *Blynk App*.



Step 13 : Blynking. Press the play button and turn the LED on and off.



Conclusion :



Once you upload the code successfully, green LED will start blinking if you switch the button ON. This tutorial was easy using Wemos D1 mini NodeMCU programming with simple steps.