LESSON 8: POTENTIOMETER

INTRODUCTION

Potentiometers are variable resistors and they function to alter their resistance via a knob or dial. You have probably used one before by adjusting the volume on your stereo or using a light dimmer. Potentiometers have a range of resistance. They can be attuned from zero ohms to whatever maximum resistance that is specific to it. For example, a potentiometer of 10 k Ω can be adjusted from 0 Ω to its maximum of 10 k Ω .

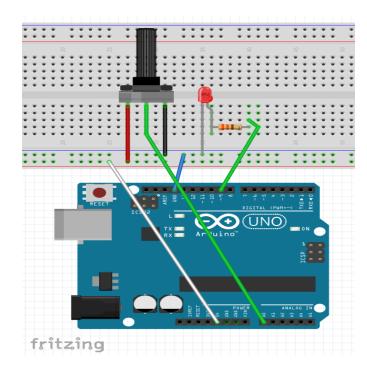
In this tutorial you will learn how to use a potentiometer with Arduino board to create an LED with adjustable brightness. The brightness will be set based on the position of the potentiometer. In order to do this, we need to set the potentiometer up as a voltage divider, and we need to drive the LED from one of the analog pins. For this example, I am using pin 9.

COMPONENTS

- Arduino uno
- Breadboard
- LED
- 330 Ohm resistor
- Potentiometer (10K)
- Jumper wire

CONNECTION

STEP 1: The circuit

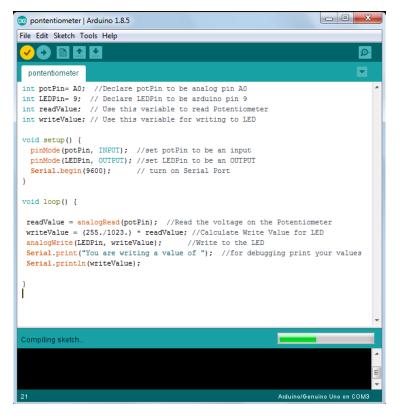


STEP 2: Program. With this code, you should be able to set the brightness from the potentiometer. You read the voltage from the potentiometer and then scale the value you write to the LED based on the reading from the potentiometer.

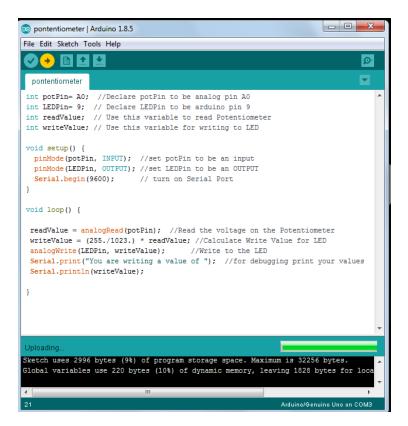
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int potPin= A0; //Declare potPin to be analog pin A0
int LEDPin= 9; // Declare LEDPin to be arduino pin 9
int readValue; // Use this variable to read Potentiometer
int writeValue; // Use this variable for writing to LED
void setup() {
pinMode(potPin, INPUT); //set potPin to be an input
pinMode(LEDPin, OUTPUT); //set LEDPin to be an OUTPUT
Serial.begin(9600); // turn on Serial Port
}
void loop() {
readValue = analogRead(potPin); //Read the voltage on the Potentiometer
writeValue = (255./1023.) * readValue; //Calculate Write Value for LED
analogWrite(LEDPin, writeValue); //Write to the LED
Serial.print("You are writing a value of "); //for debugging print your values
Serial.println(writeValue);
}
```

STEP 3: Compile the code. Click the Verify button on the top left. It should turn orange and then

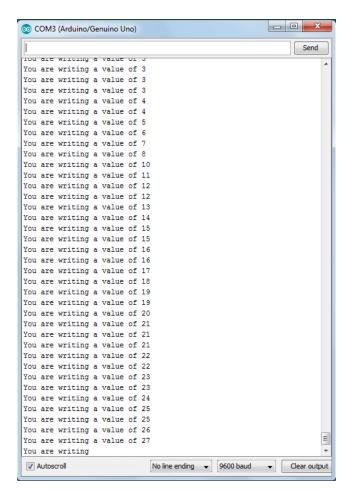
back to blue.



STEP 4: Upload the sketch to Arduino UNO. Click the Upload button. It will also turn orange and then blue once the sketch has finished uploading to your Arduino board.



RESULT:



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